Power of Promise

- 1. When sin entered the world, God promised a Savior (Gen. 3:15)
 - a. We may not keep our promises
 - i. False promises (2 Pt. 2:19; Gal. 2:4; Jm. 1:25)
 - ii. Sometimes we cannot execute because of hindrance (Rm. 1:13; 1 Th. 2:17-18)
 - b. God keeps His promises (<u>Titus 1:1-3</u>)
 - i. It is a testament to His great power
- 2. God promised Abram three great blessings (Gen. 12:1-7)
 - a. A great nation would come through his descendants (Gen. 12:2)
 - b. All the families of the Earth would be blessed (Gen. 12:3)
 - c. The land of Canaan (Gen. 12:6-7)
- 3. Abram and his wife Sarai remained childless (Gen. 15:1-3)
 - a. God reminds Abram of the promise (Gen. 15:4-7)
 - b. Abram and Sarai get impatient (Gen. 16:1-4)
 - i. Ishmael was born, but he was not part of the promise (<u>Gen. 16:15-16</u>;<u>Gal. 4:21-23</u>; <u>Rm. 9:7-8</u>)
- 4. Abram and Sarai receive name changes (Gen. 17:1-8, 15-16)
 - a. Though Abraham was 99 years old, the promise had still not been fulfilled (24 years after the promise was made)
 - b. Abraham laughed (Gen. 17:17)
 - c. He presented an alternative (Gen. 17:18)
 - d. God's promise still stands (Gen. 17:19)
- 5. Sarah laughs; God's promise holds (Gen. 18:9-14)

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- a. Nothing is too hard for God
- 6. Isaac conceived and born (Gen. 21:1-7; cf. Heb. 11:11-12; Rm. 4:16-21)
 - a. Through Isaac we ultimately get Christ (Lk. 3:34-38)
 - b. All the families of the Earth are blessed through Jesus (Gal. 3:16-29)

Conclusion

- 1. God is the Almighty
 - a. Beside Him there are no others (Isa. 45:5-6)
 - b. God's power is over physical death (Jn. 5:28-29)
 - c. God's power is over spiritual death (Rm. 6:23)
 - d. God's power is in promise (Titus 1:1-2)
- 2. Heaven is still promised to those who are faithful (Jm. 1:12; Jn. 14:15)
 - a. God keeps His promises because He has the power to do so
 - b. May we shout with the multitudes, "Hallelujah: for the Lord our God, the Almighty, reigneth" (Rev. 19:6 ASV)!